

Mexican bank notes 17-Mexican pesos  
49-50-Chihuahua currency 1/2 of a cent  
Serrano currency 1/2-1/3 of a cent  
Horseman currency 1/2-1/3 of a cent  
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LATEST NEWS BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.

SINGLE COPY FIVE CENTS.

EL PASO, TEXAS, FRIDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 15, 1915.

DELIVERED ANYWHERE 40 CENTS A MONTH.

12 PAGES, TWO SECTIONS, TODAY.

WEATHER FORECAST.

El Paso, fair, cooler; New Mexico, rain  
tonight, cooler in east; Arizona, fair  
with rain north; west Texas, rain, cooler

# El Paso Herald-Examiner

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**Five Men  
Are Shot  
In Fight**

**Newspaper Reporter Killed  
and Four Wounded As  
Ballots Are Counted.**

**MAYORALTY FIGHT  
CAUSES BITTERNESS**

**Governor Orders Regiment  
Of the State Guard Held  
Ready For Action.**

CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct. 15.—  
South Carolina state troops are  
assembled in their armories  
ready for immediate action and  
the Charleston militia is under arms  
and patrolling the streets of Charleston.

The troops were called out by  
Governor Manning as a result of an  
election fight in Charleston in which  
five men were shot and one killed.

The battle occurred just outside  
the room where the Democratic city  
committee was assembled to canvass  
the returns of the Democratic city  
primary of last Tuesday.

Confusion in the city  
Great confusion followed the shooting  
and the excitement in the city  
was so great that the city committee  
was unable to meet and the city  
troops immediately began  
patrolling the streets.

W. A. Turner was shot in the right  
leg and seriously injured; W. E. Win-  
dley received a wound in the arm;  
H. L. Wilensky was shot in the arm;  
and Jeremiah O'Brien was shot in the  
arm.

This committee was just about to  
be called to order to canvass the returns  
of last Tuesday's primary, at which  
the trouble was threatened. The fight  
started in a room adjoining that in  
which the committee was to meet.

The shooting occurred when a fight  
between two men broke out in the  
room. This continuing for several  
minutes as the committee and  
speakers made a frantic rush to get  
out.

Police were stationed in the com-  
mittee room adjoining, but no arrests  
had been made when the shooting  
began. The committee members and  
speakers made a frantic rush to get  
out.

Had Dramatic Setting  
The setting for the affair was drama-  
tic. At the intersection of King and  
George streets, where is situated the  
building in which the committee was  
to meet, a large crowd had gathered.  
The committee of speakers had led the  
chief of police to place a large number  
of officers there. Up to the time of  
the shooting, however, this crowd had  
remained orderly.

The Democratic municipal primaries  
developed into such a fight that  
between the supporters of Mayor John P.  
Grace and Triestman T. Hyde, running  
at the head of the Democrats, that serious  
difficulties were expected.

Trouble Was Anticipated  
The state adjutant general was hur-  
ried to Charleston from Columbia  
Monday afternoon to take charge of  
the situation and to have the militia  
called over the business of the city  
should it be deemed necessary.

The sheriff had sworn in 50 extra  
deputies and had them ready for im-  
mediate action. Charges that the gov-  
ernor was interfering with the primary  
in favor of one of the factions were  
made and promptly denied. Those  
who made the charge pointed to the  
fact that there was no trouble Tuesday  
or Wednesday night, but that serious  
difficulties were expected.

Ballot Boxes Thrown Out  
While the shooting was going on in  
the committee room, two or three ballot  
boxes were thrown out of the window.  
Officers in the room took charge of the  
20 boxes remaining.

Within a short time after the shoot-  
ing, Governor Manning ordered out  
two companies of militia and later  
placed the entire second regiment  
under arms to be ready for any  
emergency. Within a short time the  
two militia companies were marching  
to King and George streets.

Saloons Were Closed by Order of Gov-  
ernor Manning  
An extra force of deputy sheriffs  
quickly made their appearance. The  
guardsmen, sheriffs and nearly the  
entire police force remained on duty in  
that section of the city during the  
afternoon.

Six Men Arrested  
Later six men were placed under  
arrest by the city police. They are  
(Continued on page 2, Col. 4)

Secretaries Garrison and Daniels Confer With President

Wilson and Reach Agreement for Army and  
Navy; To Be Spent in the Next  
Five Years.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 15.—  
The national defense plans of  
the administration calling for  
an expenditure in the next fiscal year  
of more than \$400,000,000 for army,  
navy, and fortifications, were com-  
pleted today. Secretary Garrison has  
forwarded his estimates, already ap-  
proved by president Wilson, to the sec-  
retary of the treasury and secretary  
Daniels submitted his estimates today.  
after going over the final details with  
president Wilson.

**Daniels Prepares Program.**  
Secretary Daniels discussed the ques-  
tion of how many battleships, missile  
cruisers and smaller warships to recom-  
mend each year during the five years  
for which a program has been mapped  
out. He and the president arrived at  
an agreement, but the secretary said he  
could not give the figures until later.  
It was learned, however, that the ex-  
penditures would be distributed as  
evenly as possible over the five years.

**Garrison Arranges For Reports.**  
Reports from secretary Garrison and  
secretary Daniels will be made public  
within the next few days. The navy  
estimates probably will be made public  
tomorrow and those of the army on  
Monday.

Details of the army plan have not  
been announced, but the approval by  
the president of the \$72,000,000 in-  
crease for the military estimate turned  
attention to the navy, where a final es-  
timate of needs has not yet been com-  
pleted. They vary from a total of  
\$25,000,000 to \$250,000,000.

Secretary Daniels has before him  
two separate plans which affect ma-  
terially the completion of his estimates.  
The first plan, which is the basis of  
the estimate, provides for only one-third  
of the cost of new ships authorized.

President Wilson today approved sec-  
retary Daniels' recommendation for a  
five-year construction program for the  
navy.

**Increase Navy Yard Capacity.**  
The plan of the navy secretary  
Daniels admitted, include a large build-  
ing program. He said he wanted to  
increase the capacity of the various  
government navy yards and do much of  
the new warship construction in those  
yards. It is planned also to have  
some aeroplanes for the navy built by  
the government.

The secretary conferred in Orange,  
N. J., last night with Thomas A. A. A.  
son, chairman of the navy consulting  
committee, regarding the committee's  
recommendation for a large research  
laboratory.

The committee recommended an ap-  
propriation for research work, but  
secretary Daniels has not asked for  
\$5,000,000, the sum the committee  
thought should be spent for a labora-  
tory, because such a large sum for

the navy is not in the program.

**Appropriations for This Year.**  
The total amount to be appropriated  
for construction of the navy in the  
neighborhood of \$100,000,000, but  
since about \$25,000,000 for the three  
fiscal years ending in 1916, the total  
increase in the naval appropriation  
bill is more likely to be about  
\$75,000,000.

This, together with army increase of  
\$72,000,000, will make the increase for  
national defense about \$147,000,000,  
or about 10 per cent of the total con-  
struction of the service of about \$1,470,000,000.

**BRITISH TORPEDO  
GERMAN VESSEL**

**NEGOTIATIONS  
WITH GERMAN**

**Secretary Lansing and Von  
Bernstorff to Discuss Set-  
tlement for Vessels.**

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 15.—Sec-  
retary Lansing and count von Bernstorff,  
the German ambassador, will resume  
negotiations next week in an effort  
to settle the cases of the Lusitania,  
Columbia and Nebraska.

The United States made it clear that  
the Lusitania was torpedoed without  
warning that there would be no fur-  
ther discussion of the Lusitania and  
other cases until that incident was  
discovered and reparations promised.

Now that Germany has acceded to all  
of these demands as a result of the  
personal negotiation between Secretary  
Lansing and the German ambassador,  
the same process of negotiation is be-  
ing continued in the hope of similarly  
advancing the status of the remain-  
ing cases toward settlement.

**In Case of Damages.**  
In the case of both the American  
ships Nebraska and the Guiltlight  
Germany has already expressed regret  
and promised to pay damages. Lis-  
tability for the damage to the Cushing  
which was attacked by a German sub-  
marine, was assumed by the German gov-  
ernment, which stated that if the  
American government could furnish  
evidence that the ship was German,  
payment would be made for the  
damages sustained.

The case of the Lusitania presents  
the greatest difficulty. At the time  
the vessel was sunk, the German  
commander was understood to be act-  
ing in accordance with instructions  
generally given to sink belligerent  
ships without warning. Germany ex-  
pressly disclaimed liability for the loss  
of neutral lives in such occurrence, in  
notifying neutral nations of the procla-  
mation of a war zone.

**Base Case on Legal Aspects.**  
State department officials are bas-  
ing their case on its legal aspects, tak-

ing the view that the German naval  
code issued at the beginning of the  
war, conformed to international law  
in requiring passengers and crew to  
be removed to a place of safety. Of-  
ficials contend that as the war zone  
was a confessedly a retaliatory  
measure, it could not diminish the legal  
rights of neutrals, and Germany, there-  
fore, is liable to pay indemnity for the  
loss of more than 100 American lives  
on the Lusitania.

Women's Permanent Peace  
League Gets Expressions  
From Governments.

UNITED STATES TO  
MAKE FIRST MOVE

Neutral Nations Would  
Then Take Up Work and  
Fighters Welcome It.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—That the  
nations now engaged in war  
would look without misgiving  
upon a conference of the neutral na-  
tions as a possible medium for the  
settlement of the conflict, and that the  
European war caused many coun-  
tries to visit the parks instead of going  
abroad.

Additional money to employ more  
patient examiners also has been asked  
by secretary Lane.

**Appropriations for State Department.**  
Secretary Lane today discussed the  
estimates for the state department  
with the president. He said he would  
ask for about \$1,000,000 more than the  
state department estimates of last  
year. Added expenditures growing out  
of the European war and the revolution  
in Mexico cause the increase.

**Plans for Sixteen Ships.**  
The five-year program would call  
for 16 capital ships—ten dreadnaughts  
and six battle cruisers. In order to  
get the best advantage of improve-  
ments in construction and not to over-  
tax the capacity of American navy  
yards, the first year's construction will  
include two dreadnaughts and two  
battle cruisers. The following year  
will include three dreadnaughts and  
three battle cruisers. The third year  
will include four dreadnaughts and  
four battle cruisers. The fourth year  
will include five dreadnaughts and  
five battle cruisers. The fifth year  
will include six dreadnaughts and  
six battle cruisers.

**Ready For Action.**  
"Reviewing the situation," says the  
report, "which shows that the Eu-  
ropean neutral nations visited,  
three are ready to join in a con-  
ference of the neutral nations, and  
the calling of such a conference, or  
the intention of the United States  
to have a conference, is a matter  
which is not yet decided."

It was said that the navy depart-  
ment of the first year's program when  
presented in final form might be ex-  
panded to two dreadnaughts and three  
battle cruisers. Officials working out  
the figures for several hours following  
the white house conference in an ef-  
fort to distribute the increase over  
the five year period, and it was con-  
sidered quite possible that five capital  
ships might be ordered, as the initial  
step in the program.

**Those Visited.**  
The envoys were received by the fol-  
lowing, among others:  
Prime minister Asquith and foreign  
minister Sir Edward Grey in London.  
Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg,  
and foreign minister von Jawor,  
in Berlin.

Prime minister Sturgis, foreign  
minister Buri, in Vienna; prime min-  
ister Tisza, in Budapest.  
Prime minister Salandra and foreign  
minister Sonnino, in Rome.  
Prime minister Viviani and foreign  
minister Delcasse, in Paris.  
Foreign minister Ariston, in Havre.

The following representatives of  
neutral governments also received the  
envoys:  
Prime minister Cort van der Land-  
en and foreign minister London, in  
The Hague.  
Prime minister Zehle and foreign  
minister Severus, in Copenhagen.  
King Haakon, prime minister Kan-  
ger, foreign minister Blich, and  
Messrs. Lovland, Aarstad, Casterberg  
and Jansen, the four presidents of  
the Storting, in Christiania.  
Foreign minister Wallenberg, in  
Stockholm.  
Motto and foreign min-  
ister Hoffman, in Bern.

President Wilson and secretary of  
state Lansing in Washington.  
While in London the delegation went  
unofficially—that is to say, without a  
mandate from the congress, to an ex-  
traordinary session of the cardinal  
secretary of state.

**FATHER A. J. SCHULER WILL BE  
CONSECRATED AS BISHOP OCT. 25**

Denver, Colo., Oct. 15.—Archbishop  
J. B. Pitlor of Santa Fe, N. M., will  
officially Oct. 25 at the consecration  
of Father A. J. Schuler as bishop of  
the El Paso diocese of the Catholic  
church. It was announced today.  
The consecration will be held at the  
illness of Rev. N. C. Matz, of  
Denver, who was to have officiated.

Mayor of Juarez, Commander of the Troops, and Other  
Officials Quit the Service of Their Chief and Come to  
This Side; Secret Service Chief Reported to Have  
Resigned From the Service of Villa.

W HOLESALE defections from the  
Villa faction in Juarez fea-  
tured the news from Mexico  
Friday morning. With Gen. Francisco  
Villa started on his way overland into  
Sonora state, headed for Nogales, the  
military commander of Juarez, the  
mayor of Juarez, the chief of police and  
the chief of the secret service have  
resigned the Villa cause and with-  
drawn to El Paso. Villista secret agent,  
Hector Ramon, in this city, has re-  
signed. It was also stated in Juarez of-  
ficial circles.

Dr. Villarreal, surgeon general of the  
Villa "army," has also left the Villa  
ranks and come across the river from  
Juarez and made declaration before  
the United States military authorities.  
An unconfirmed rumor on the streets  
Friday morning had it that Gen. Villa  
had been killed in Sonora.

Another rumor, also unconfirmed,  
said that Col. Hipolito Villa, who went  
south towards Chihuahua city a few  
days ago, was assassinated at Villa  
Ahumada.

Gen. Tomas Ornelas, military com-  
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Tule H. Menford came over Thursday  
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quiel Morales and chief of the secret  
service Miguel Villalva. This was ad-  
mitted in the Juarez commercial agen-

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that Ramon had resigned, but it was  
denied that Gen. Juan N. Medina had  
quit Villa. Instead, it was stated that  
he was still with Gen. Villa. Carranza  
officials assert that Medina is in El  
Paso; that they saw him yesterday. Ad-  
vices in El Paso further stated that  
practically all the derelict force of the  
Juarez civil government has come to the  
American bank of the Rio Grande,  
but this report was denied in Juarez.  
The cause of the wholesale "quitting"  
in Juarez is attributed to the downfall  
of the commercial strong men brought  
about by the impending and actual em-  
bargo proceedings apparently in force  
at the border. All confiscated goods  
which were formerly brought to El  
Paso and stored for American money,  
practically supported the Villista gov-  
ernment, it was reported by persons  
close to the inside of Villa affairs Friday  
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With an abrupt shutting off of this  
revenue in the embargo in force, agents  
find themselves unable to dispose of  
goods and property taken over by Villa  
and his officials, leaving the confis-  
cated material and animals a drug on  
the Mexican market, and the Villa  
"government" without cash.

More defections are hourly expected  
in Juarez, according to reports brought  
(Continued on page 2, Col. 3)

**RAID GERMANS  
BRITISH PLANS  
BALKAN TROUBLE**

**Proposal for Invasion of the  
Kaiser's Country With  
200 Machines.**

London, Eng., Oct. 15.—At a great  
mass meeting held yesterday in the hall  
of the Cannon Street hotel, it was pro-  
posed that the British air force reply to  
the German air raids by "bombing his  
sleeping towns as he bombs ours."

Lord Willoughby de Broke and Wil-  
liam Joynson-Hicks, member of parlia-  
ment, were the principal speakers at  
the meeting.

**Step to Stop Raids.**  
"We have come here," said Lord Wil-  
loughby de Broke, "to urge upon the  
government that they have got to take  
steps to stop the kind of thing that  
happened last night. The only way to  
do it is to treat them as they treat us.  
Otherwise, they will continue in their  
policy while we sit still and suffer and  
become the laughing stock of Europe."

Mr. Joynson-Hicks made a demand  
for reparation which was couched in  
more lurid language.

**Cold Blooded Butchery.**  
"Let the Kaiser be made to realize  
what it means for his own people to  
be subjected as we have been subjected,  
to cold blooded butchery in the dead  
night, and there will be a demand from  
the people of Germany that they stop  
the butchery in England, in order  
that they themselves may be safe," he  
said.

We must be prepared to send 200  
machines at the very least, circling  
over Cologne, Coblenz and other German  
towns, in order that the Germans may  
be made to realize the destruction they  
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in our midst."

The resolutions adopted at the meet-  
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a systematic policy of reprisal, "as the  
only effective method of putting a  
stop to Zeppelin raids on London and  
other towns."

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Petrograd, Russia, Oct. 15.—The fol-  
lowing official statement was issued  
last night:  
A German aeroplane has dropped  
several bombs on the Rensh railway  
line, north of Friedland. In the  
region of Jacobstadt the artillery fire  
has increased in intensity in some  
places.

"On the night of the 13th a Zeppelin  
dropped about 50 bombs near Dvinsk.  
No one was injured, but the Dvinsk  
front there has been an artillery duel  
on the road south of Schlossberg,  
which was captured yesterday. Obsta-  
cles are fighting continues."

A stubborn engagement in which  
both sides are attacking, is also in  
progress near the village of Srougine  
and in the vicinity of the village of  
Gardubovka.

On the line of the Demmen and Drez-  
waty lakes, desultory attacks by the  
enemy have met with no success. The  
artillery duels continue. We have oc-  
cupied the village of Khropin, south  
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Zahadne farm."

**Wants To Come Here**

Editor El Paso Herald:  
I want to locate in El Paso and engage in the drug business; have been  
in that business in Texas for 29 years, but from all I have heard, El Paso is  
the finest place on earth.

Will you kindly send me your paper so that I may get information about  
your city. From whom can I get the names of some of your representative  
drug men?  
Oscar Jannsch.  
Manager Standard Drug Store.